Seeing Smart: Your Child's Vision

Classroom learning is largely visual. Signs your child is struggling include:

- performing below potential
- avoiding close work or disliking reading
- losing his or her place while reading
- omitting or confusing small words when reading
- holding reading material closer than usual
- turning or tilting head to use only one eye
- red, itchy or watery eyes
- frequent headaches
- eye rubbing

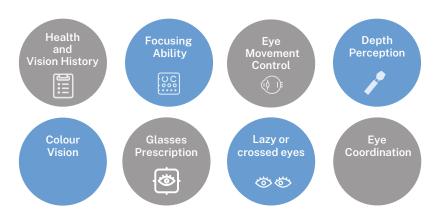
Good vision = a head start on learning. A visit to the optometrist for a comprehensive eye exam is key. Your child should see an optometrist:

Once between 2-5 years



Annually,6–18 years

What is the optometrist looking for in a comprehensive eye exam?



Did you know that 61% of Canadian parents mistakenly believe they would know if their child is having vision problems?

Three tips to improve your child's eye health

Limit your child's screen





2–5 yrs – Preschool Children: No more than one hour per day.

5–18 yrs – School Age Children: Ideally, no more than two hours per day.

2. Encourage breaks from the screen every 30–60 minutes.





Breaks should include wholebody physical activity.

3 Balance screen time with outdoor time

Increased prevalence or progression of nearsightedness (myopia) has been linked with children spending fewer hours outdoors.